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Roberts

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(54) **APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR
COMPARING RATE PLANS ON A NET-NET
BASIS**

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(52) **U.S. Cl.** **705/26; 705/27**

(58) **Field of Search** **705/26, 27; 379/114.02, 379/121.01**

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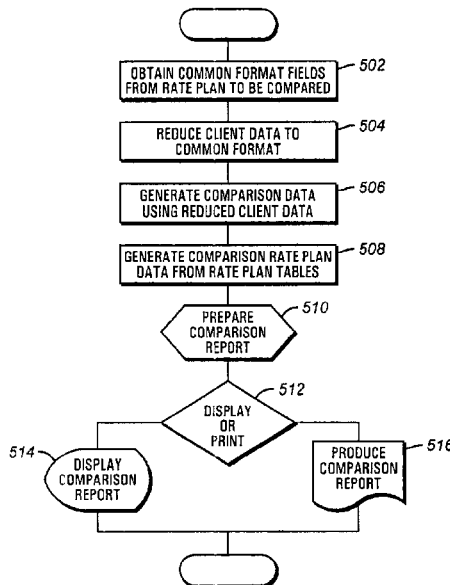
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

An improved apparatus and method for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net-net basis comprising a computer having a database, the database comprising rate plan characteristics for a plurality of rate plans; an input terminal operatively connected to the computer for entering data; a comparison program executing within the computer for comparing rate plans using the entered data; and an output terminal operatively connected to the computer for reporting the results of the comparison program is used to allow consumers to obtain true net cost comparisons of from a plurality of service plans from one or more service providers. Data are obtained from historical data or theorized and then normalized into appropriate per-second, per-block, or other categories for comparison for each of a set of categories describing the rate plans. Adherence to and influence of differing rate plan options are automatically calculated, and the net result of each rate plan is presented to the consumer for side-by-side comparisons. If an alternative rate plan is attractive to a service provider client, the client or its agent may opt to subscribe to that rate plan in place of the current rate plan, and the service provider notified accordingly.

59 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



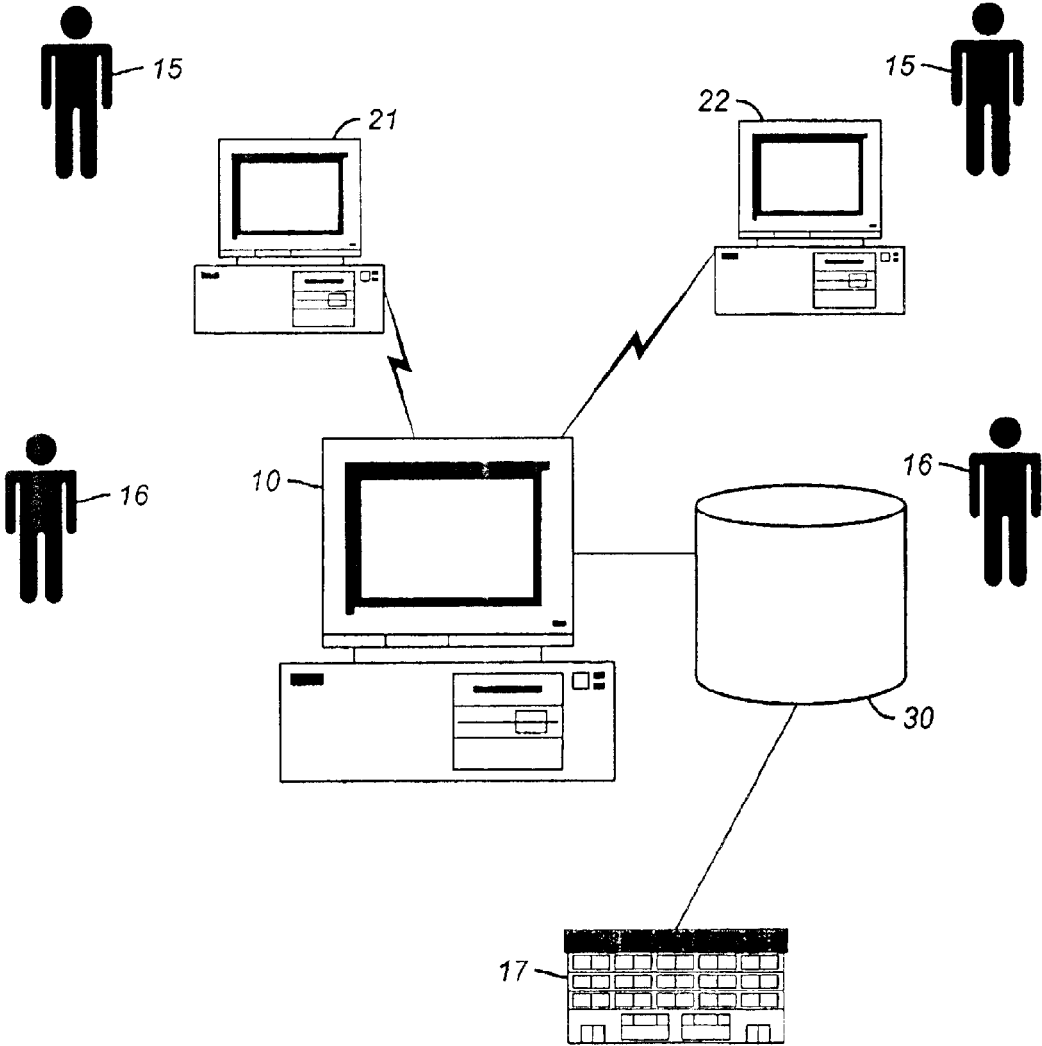


FIG. 1

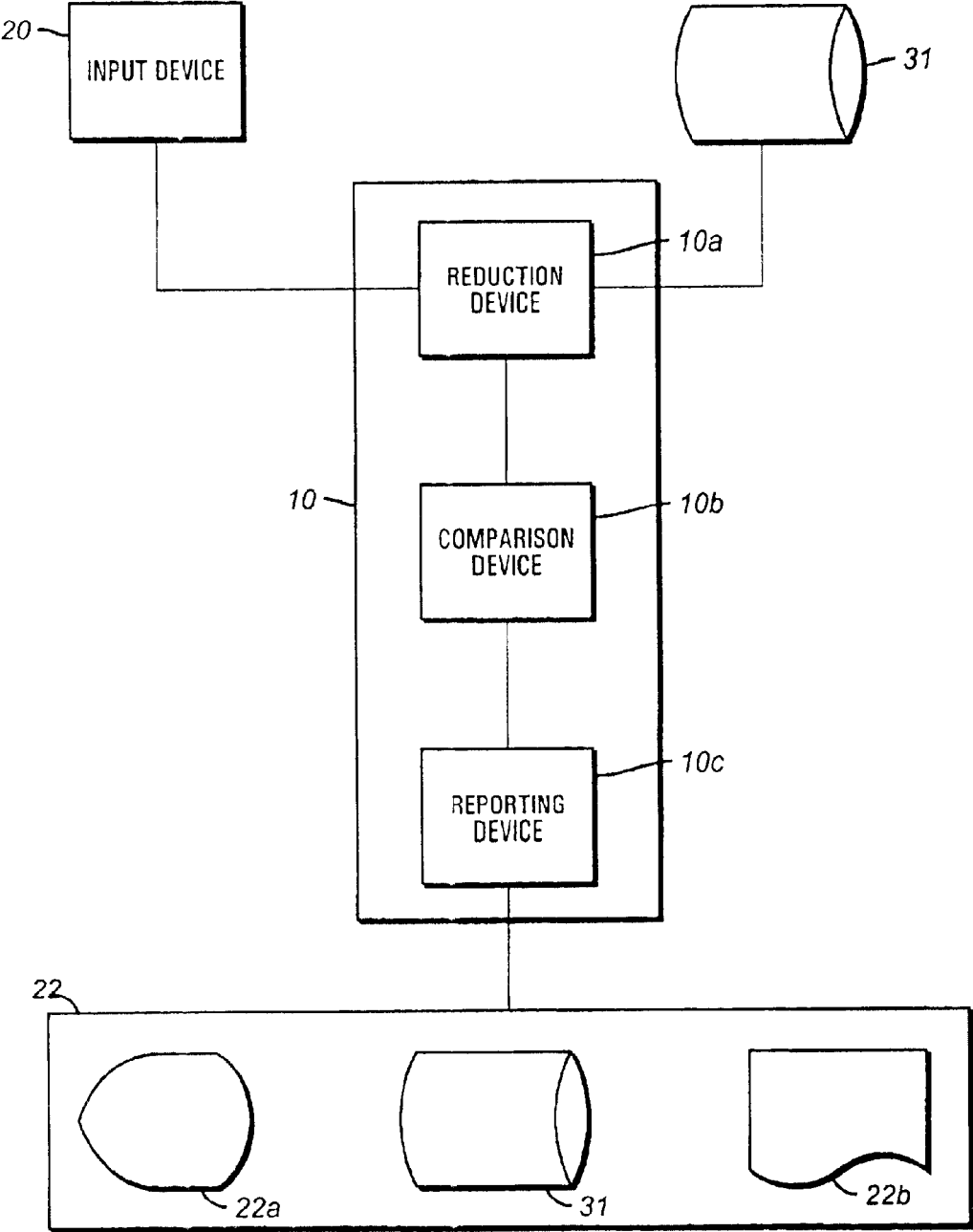


FIG. 2

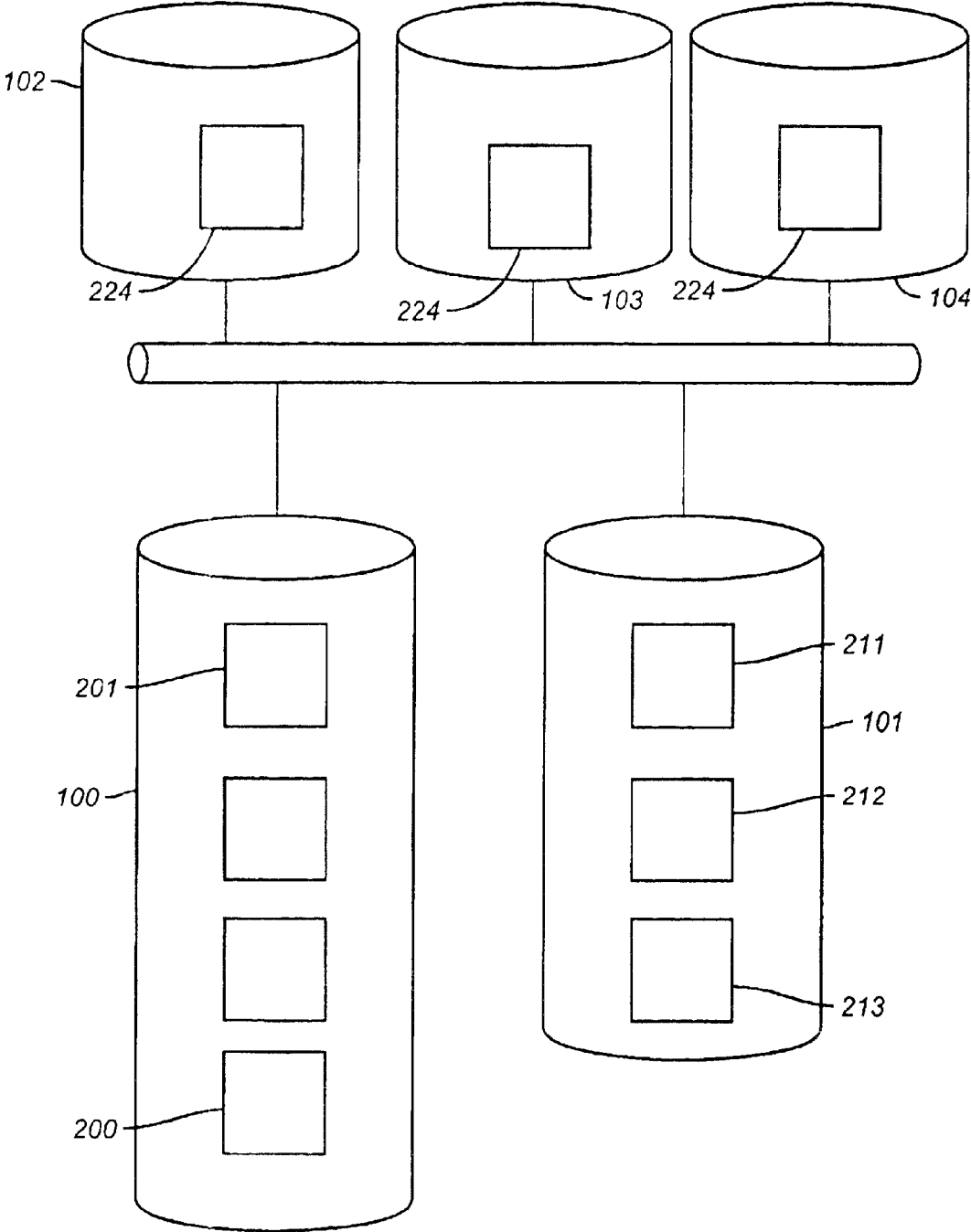


FIG. 3

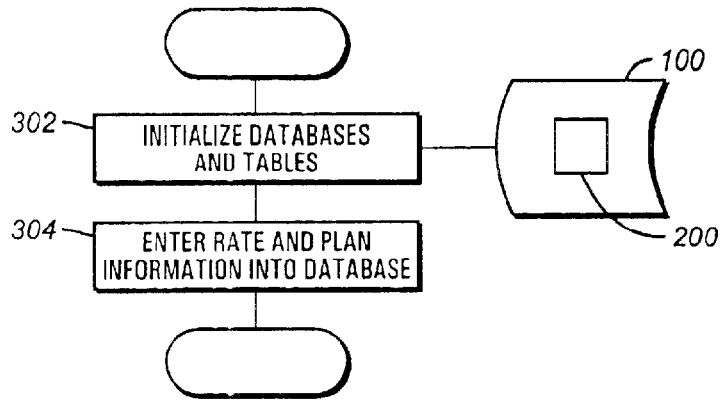


FIG. 4

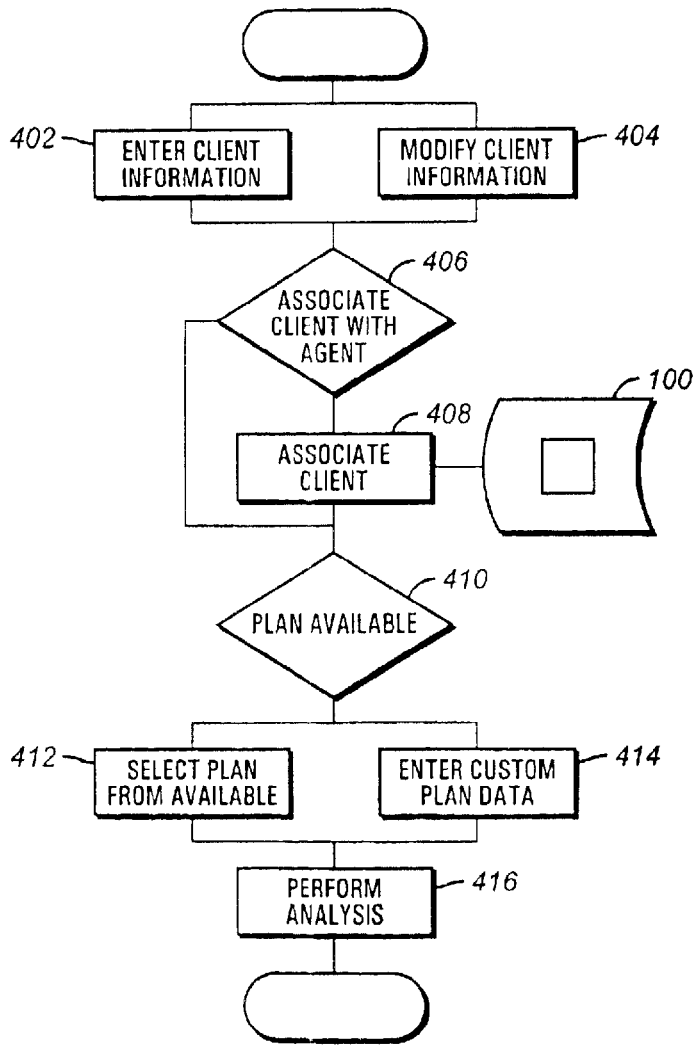


FIG. 5

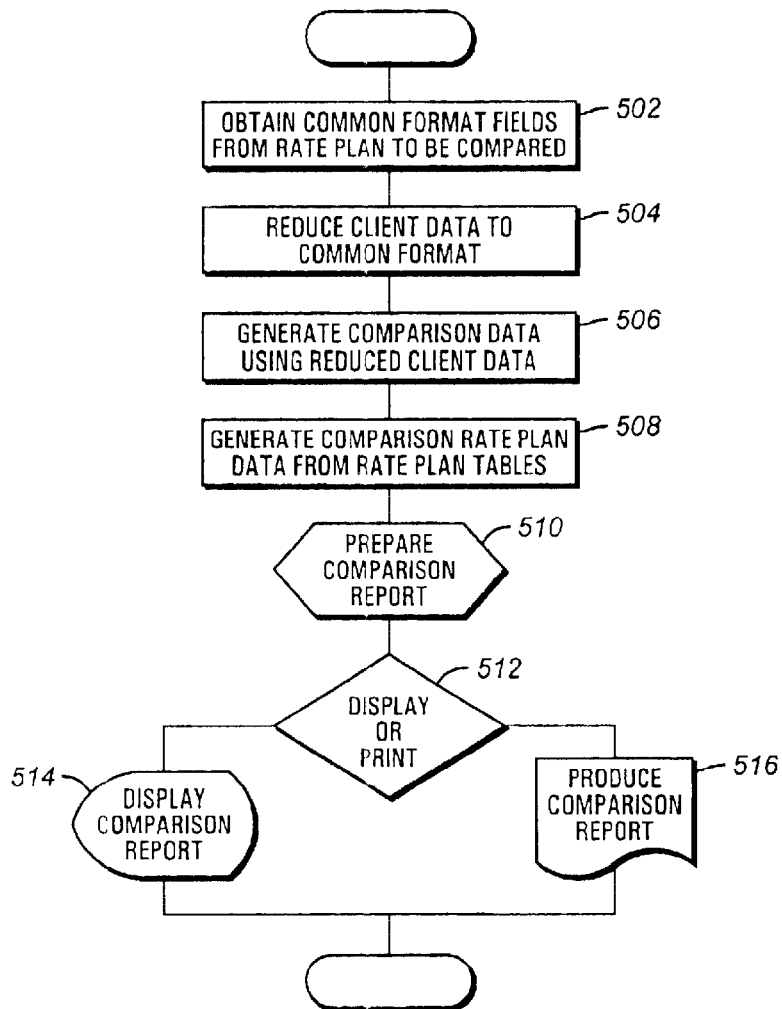


FIG. 6

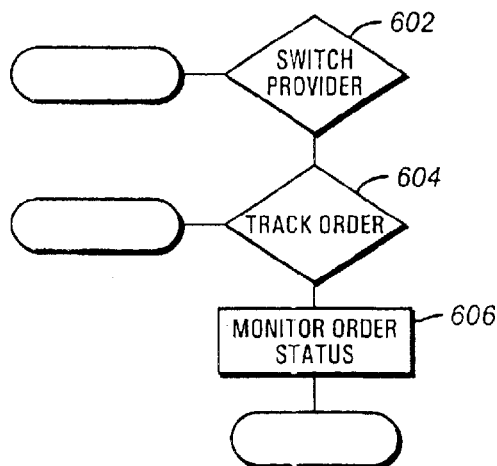


FIG. 8

61 67 60 62 62a Xxxxx Yyyyy 66 63a 63 64 68

CURRENT CARRIER: 22222 PROPOSED CARRIER: XXXXX

SERVICES	CURRENT CARRIER			PROPOSED CARRIER		SAVINGS		
	TOTAL	MINUTES	RATE	TOTAL	RATE	MONTHLY	%	ANNUAL
INTERSTATE 1+	924.70	10877.0	0.0849	816.53	0.0750	108.17	11.7%	1,298.04
INTRASTATE 1+	109.45	950.5	0.1151	94.10	0.0990	15.35	14.0%	184.20
LEC INTRASTATE 1+	8.34	72.0	0.1158	7.13	0.0990	1.21	14.5%	LEC
800 INTERSTATE	14.32	169.0	0.0847	12.68	0.0750	1.64	11.5%	19.68
CALLING CARD	54.10	180.0	0.3006	25.20	0.1400	28.90	53.4%	346.80
BRAZIL	463.60	628.0	0.7382	295.16	0.4700	168.44	36.3%	2,021.28
CANADA	6.45	38.0	0.1697	3.80	0.1000	2.65	41.1%	31.80
FRANCE	6.36	18.5	0.3438	2.59	0.14000	3.77	59.3%	45.24
GREECE	39.13	58.8	0.6660	24.09	0.4100	15.04	38.4%	180.48
MEXICO - BAND 8	15.44	18.5	0.8346	7.77	0.4200	7.67	49.7%	92.04
UNITED KINGDOM	14.49	63.3	0.2291	5.69	0.0900	8.80	60.7%	105.60
DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE	5.50	5.0	1.100	3.00	0.6000	2.50	45.5%	30.00
TOTALS	\$1,879.36	14978.5	0.1255	\$1,439.49	0.0961	\$439.87	23.4%	\$5,278.44

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65 NOTE: Rates subject to change and tariffs. International calls billed in 6 second increments with a 30 second minimum.

FIG. 7

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APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR COMPARING RATE PLANS ON A NET-NET BASIS

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention comprises an improved method of comparing rate plans on a net—net basis. It is specifically useful in comparing utility rate plans such as those found in the telecommunications industry. It is further specifically useful in comparing utility rate plans such as those found in the power utility industry.

BACKGROUND ART

The present invention comprises an apparatus and software method for taking two or more rate plans from the same or different providers and providing an output report which indicates a true, net cost, bottom line figure for both plans on a periodic basis (e.g. monthly) to allow an end user to compare the differing rate plans. The report can be a visual report such as on a computer device such as a display, a physical (hard copy) report such as a printed report, or any combination thereof.

Currently, competition for consumers of utilities such as telecommunications, both local and long distance, has generated numerous marketing plans. These plans usually vary in options, add-ons, and other characteristics, making a true comparison of one plan to another plan difficult and often inaccurate. Additionally, competition for consumers in other service areas such as the power utility marketplace is beginning to become a reality.

Given the plethora of competing rate plans and choices, consumers need a tool to allow them to objectively compare various rate plans offered by one service provider against those rate plans offered by competitors on a true, net—net basis, i.e. the net cost to the consumer of a rate plan compared to the net cost to the consumer of an alternative plan. In this sense, “net” includes the bottom line, total cost to the consumer for that service and its component categories.

Some prior art such as U.S. Pat. No. 5,659,601 issued to Cheslog is illustrative. Cheslog '601 processes call detail records obtained from a single provider's data, and specifically obtained from cellular telephony providers in Cheslog, to produce invoices and reports containing consolidated billing, usage, and cost information for current and potential other plans. Cheslog teaches a billing system method comprising the steps of selecting cellular telephone user's records, creating a summary record, accessing peak and non-peak usage minutes, calculating costs based on usage minutes, and selecting a rate plan from a plurality of rate plans that has a lowest calculated cost. Cheslog is limited to cellular telephony and, more specifically, to internal billing practices of a single cellular service provider, and does not provide for nor suggest allowing interactive access to such a comparison, such as may be had using a form driven interface. Moreover, Cheslog only analyzes the traffic pattern of the internal billing generated by that customer for that service provider. There is no suggestion nor teaching to provide comparisons of a cellular service provider to other plans from competing companies. Tariff and rate databases descriptive of other service providers are not considered, nor are they a factor. Further, there is no suggestion nor teaching by Cheslog to provide comparisons of a service provider other than cellular telephony to other plans from competing companies, especially important as differing service provid-

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ers offer similar or divergent services in similar or divergent categorizations of these services, making it difficult to obtain a true net—net, bottom line comparison. Further still, Cheslog does not teach nor suggest allowing a user or an agent of the user to switch to differing service providers or provide an agent of user who effectuates such a switch to receive financial incentives for effecting the switch.

Accordingly, an improved apparatus and method for comparing a plurality of rate plans using historical data on a net—net basis, each rate plan having differing characteristics, is provided.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An improved apparatus and method for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis are disclosed.

In a preferred embodiment, the improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis comprises a computer having a memory; a database resident in the memory, the database having at least one table comprising one or more records, the records comprising one or more fields having a predetermined structure, the records further detailing at least one rate plan characteristic corresponding to each of a plurality of rate plans for services wherein the at least one rate plan characteristic describes each of the plurality of rate plans for services; an input terminal operatively connected to the computer for obtaining usage data, the usage data comprising cost data for the services; a reduction program executing within the computer for reducing the obtained usage data into a set of net cost data comprising reductions of the obtained usage data expressed in units of measure congruent with units of measure of the at least one rate plan characteristic; a comparison program executing within the computer for comparing at least one of the plurality of rate plans to the net cost data; and an output terminal operatively connected to the computer for reporting the results of the comparison program.

In a preferred embodiment, the improved method comprises the steps of obtaining characteristics of a first rate plan; obtaining characteristics of a second rate plan; entering the characteristics of the first rate plan and the characteristics of the second rate plan into one or more tables in a database; obtaining usage data for comparison; computing a first net amount for the usage data using the characteristics of the first rate plan; computing a second net amount for the usage data using the characteristics of the second rate plan; and reporting the first net amount and the second net amount.

Users of the apparatus and method disclosed herein may accordingly objectively compare one rate plan against one or more alternative rate plans on a net—net basis, whether the rate plans are offered by the same or differing service providers. In a preferred embodiment, usage data used for comparison is historical data entered by a user, and the apparatus and method disclosed utilize those data by reducing the data into a net amount and then objectively comparing one rate plan against one or more alternative rate plans on a net—net basis, yielding a true, so-called bottom line comparison to the user. In this manner, a user's actual calling and traffic patterns may be used to find a least expensive rate plan, whether from the same provider or other providers, that matches a customer's traffic.

In a preferred embodiment, and as opposed to the prior art, the apparatus and method provide for interactive entering of these data as well as interactive reporting of the results to the user.

This summary is not intended to be a limitation with respect to the features of the invention as claimed, and these

and other objects can be more readily observed and understood in the detailed description of the preferred embodiment and in the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

For a further understanding of the nature and objects of the present invention, reference should be had to the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like elements are given the same or analogous reference numbers and wherein:

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of the present invention's functions.

FIG. 3 is a schematic representation of several databases and their tables.

FIG. 4 is a flowchart of initial steps.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart of usage data entry and reduction.

FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing reduction and reporting.

FIG. 7 is an example of a report.

FIG. 8 is a flowchart showing additional capabilities.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION AND PREFERRED MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The currently preferred mode for the present invention is for use comparing rate plans offered by long distance telecommunications companies. Therefore, many of the examples herein are directed towards this currently preferred mode. However, it is within the intended scope of the present invention that the improved rate comparison apparatus and method of the present invention is applicable to use by consumers for one or more providers of services in general where these services are characterized by a plurality of rate plans, including by way of example and not limitation power utilities, delivery services such as parcel delivery services, entertainment services such as satellite or cable delivery systems, and other services where the service is provided on an incremental basis such as a per minute or per item basis.

Accordingly, the written description uses a large number of acronyms to refer to various services and system components. Although generally known, use of several of these acronyms is not strictly standardized in the art. For purposes of this discussion, acronyms therefore will be defined as follows:

Digital Subscriber Link (DSL)

Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)

Local Area Network (LAN)

Local Access Tariff Area (LATA)

T1 and T3 (signaling methods of certain line speeds used in voice and data telephony)

Although a long distance service provider comparison is used herein to described one preferred embodiment, it is understood and appreciated that the use of long distance service providers is by example only and is not meant to be nor is a limitation with respect to the features of the invention as claimed. The features and other objects of the present invention can be more readily observed and understood in the detailed description of the preferred embodiment and in the claims.

Referring now to FIG. 1, a schematic diagram of the present invention, the improved rate comparison apparatus of the present invention comprises computer 10 having database 100, input terminal 21, and output terminal 22. In the preferred embodiment, input terminal 21 and output

terminal 22 can be the same device, collectively referred to herein as terminal 20. Additionally, terminal 20 may be collocated with computer 10, or data communications network 30 may be present to provide data communications pathways to computer 10 with respect to terminal 20.

Computer 10 may be any computer capable of processing data from database 100 as well as data input for comparison. As those skilled in the computer arts will recognize, computer 10 may range in size and complexity from a mainframe computer such as an INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES 3090 series to a personal computer such as those utilizing a microprocessor such as an 80x86 or PENTIUM processor manufactured by INTEL CORP. Memory device 12 is accessible to computer 10 through any means such as those apparent to those skilled in the computer arts such as a local hard magnetic medium drive, CDROM, DVDROM, magento-optical devices, and the like. In an alternative embodiment, memory device 12 may be a separate data storage device operatively in communications with computer 10 such as by LAN, or a read-only electronic memory device such ROM.

Terminal 20 may be collocated with computer 10 which has database 100 and which does the comparison, or, as in a preferred mode, is operatively connected to computer 10 through data communications network 30. In the preferred embodiment, input terminal 21 and output terminal 22 may be a single terminal 20 such as a personal computer. Additionally, terminal 20 may be a device capable with interactive interfacing capabilities such as WEBTV marketed by SONY CORP or any other device capable of interactive interface with computer 10. Further, input terminal 21 may be a batch input device such as, by way of example and not limitation, a card reader, a CDROM reader, an optical recognition device, a magnetic media device such as diskette or tape, or any combination thereof.

Output terminal 22 may be an interactive visual device such as a video terminal, computer terminal, or personal computer; a hard copy output device such as a printer or a facsimile; a memory device such as a CDROM or DVDROM; an electronic device such as a file resident in a memory device such as a file on magnetic or optical media; or any combination thereof.

Data communications network 30 may include terminal multiplexers, local area networks, wide area networks, dial-up bulletin boards, packet switched networks, private networks, public networks, cellular packet data networks, or any combination thereof. In the preferred embodiment, data communications network 30 is the Internet with clients 16 and agents 15 accessing computer 10 through any Internet accessing means, including by way of example and not limitation dial-up, DSL, ISDN, T-1, T-3, satellite, and cable.

Referring now to FIG. 2, a block diagram of the present invention's functions, data are retrieved from either terminal 20, memory 31, or a combination thereof. Terminal 20 is as described herein above, and may be a terminal collocated with computer 10 or operatively connected to computer 10 through data communications network 30, a personal computer, WEBTV, a batch input device such as, by way of example and not limitation, a card reader, a CDROM reader, an optical recognition device, a magnetic media device such as diskette or tape, or any other device capable of interactive or batch interface with computer 10 or any combination thereof. Memory 31 may be magnetic tape, a magnetic drum, magnetic disks, CDROM, optical storage, RAM, ROM, EEPROM, EPROM, flash memory, and/or like storage media.

Once retrieved, data are processed in computer 10 which may include reduction device 10a, comparison device 10b,

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and reporting device **10c**. As those skilled in the computer arts will understand, these devices may be separate computers **10** operatively linked, separate programs operating in a single computer **10**, a single program operating in a single computer **10**, or combinations thereof.

Reduction device **10a** takes usage data as entered into computer **10** and reduces it into a set of data within a predetermined number of categories such that all comparisons can be accomplished using an identical set of categories and all usage data are assigned to one or more categories. The sum of the usage data prior to reduction, including its costs, must equal the sum of the reduced data. Usage data therefore, as in the preferred embodiment, will include per unit measures and costs per unit measure, e.g. billing increments such as 6 second or per line and cost per billing increment such as cost per 6 seconds and cost per line. Usage data so reduced will be described in a set of categories that are congruent with the categories of rate plan characteristics in database **100**.

Comparison device **10b** takes reduced usage data and compares each category of reduced usage data with each category of a selected rate plan or a category to congruent category basis.

Reporting device **10c** generates a set of reporting data from the results of comparison device **10b**. In the preferred embodiment, these reporting data are organized for formatted reports **60** where reports **60** can be created as paper printouts, visual displays, binary data encapsulated in binary files such as on magnetic media or optical media. Reports **60** may be storable onto memory **31** for later retrieval.

Once reduced and compared, report **60** may be formatted for or otherwise viewed as by display on output terminal **22** which may be a video display **22a** or a hard copy device such as printer **22b**.

Referring now to FIG. 3, a schematic representation of several databases and their tables, as will be appreciated by those skilled in the computer arts, database **100** is maintained on memory device **12** accessible to computer **10** and comprises one or more tables **200** having predetermined structures organized into records having fields descriptive of predetermined categories. In the preferred embodiment, database **100** may be a plurality of databases **100**, although those skilled in the computer science arts will understand that placement and relation of tables **200**, either free or bound, and/or databases **100** can be accomplished in numerous, operationally equivalent ways. In the preferred embodiment, a plurality of tables **200** are used to describe various rate plan and user characteristics.

One or more plan rate databases **102** may comprise tables **200** containing descriptions of various rate plans offered by one or more service providers **17**, by way of example and not limitation describing non-foreign, foreign, local, LATA, Internet, and other rate plan characteristics comprising plan identifiers, monthly fees, billing increments, and minimum volumes for inter/intra-state plans. Alternatively, rate plan database **102** may be part of database **100**. Further, rates may be described in per increment values, comprising per minute, second, or some other predefined increment capable of being normalized. Some services, such as Internet services, may require additional rate descriptions, by way of example and not limitation comprising dial-up account rates and Internet access plan. Other rates may be described in per unit values, such as per month or per line.

Accordingly, by way of example and not limitation, at least one table **200** comprises rate plan characteristics table **201** having a predetermined structure with one or more fields comprising descriptions of categories of services

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offered by service providers **17** as well as other fields with predetermined scope such as notes, general information, and the like. These fields comprise rate information such as per unit descriptors, e.g. per day or per minute, as well as block descriptors such as per line charges or flat fees and the like.

In the preferred embodiment, one field exists per each of the possible charges and/or categories **61** (not shown in FIG. 3) of charges, including optional charges, provided by service provider **17**. By way of example and not limitation, for a preferred embodiment for telephony providers, rate plan characteristics table **201** may include rate plan characteristics such as units of measure and cost per units of measure for local, LATA, outbound 800 service, 800 inbound service, calling card, minimum fees, and international fees where the units of measure may be on per line, per minute, per month, or other incremental cost bases as required by that rate plan. It is understood that in the preferred embodiment each service provider **17** may require and be described in one or more entries in rate plan characteristics table **201**, e.g. one entry per each rate plan offered by each service provider **17**.

In a preferred embodiment, an identity database **101** may be present that comprises one or more tables **200** containing characteristics about participants such as agents **15**, clients **16**, and service providers **17**. These characteristics may be contained in a single table **200**, or in separate tables such as agent table **211**, client table **212**, and service provider table **213** within identity database **101**. Alternatively, identity database **101** may be part of database **100** along with any of its associated tables.

Agents **15** may be agents of one or more service providers **17**, or one or more clients **16**, or a combination thereof. By way of example and not limitation, when analysis report **60** is made (not shown in FIG. 3), an agent's **15** name, phone number, fax number and email may be obtained from agent table **211** for reporting purposes. Similarly, agent table **211** may be linked to one or more client records in client table **212**, e.g. to that agent **15** that entered or caused to be entered those clients **16** into client table **212**. The linkage may be either relational or via any other database linkage means, all of which are familiar to those skilled in the computer sciences arts.

Clients **16** are current or proposed users of one or more services offered by one or more service providers **17** where the services provided are capable of description according to one or more rate plans. Client table **212** may contain information about clients **16**, including by way of example and not limitation a name to appear on report **60** and client's **16** current service provider **17** such as client's **16** current long distance company. The information about a client's **16** current service provider **17** is used to create a comparison on analysis report **60**. Accordingly, agent **15** and/or client **16** may run several rate comparison scenarios with different potential service providers **17** without having to reenter the information about the current service provider **17**.

In one embodiment, service provider table **213** may contain information about one or more service providers **17** such as name, address, contact information, referral fees, commissions, and the like as well as linkages to information regarding one or more agents **15** and/or clients **16**. The name of a service provider **17** may be taken from this table **200** to be shown on report **60**.

In an alternate embodiment one or more custom databases **103** may be present to accommodate nonstandard data. Alternatively, custom database **103** may be part of database **100**.

By way of example and not limitation, custom database **103** may contain information about characteristics of custom

domestic plans such as where one or more rates per plan exist per different political division such as a state or a country. In an embodiment for long distance telephony service providers, for example, custom databases **103** may be used for specialized plans such as individually contracted rates, dedicated lines and so one.

One or more order tracking databases **104** may exist, comprising at least one order tracking table **241** comprising descriptions of products and services that can be ordered by a client. Alternatively, tracking database **104** may be part of database **100**.

Utilizing order tracking databases **104**, an order for services as provided by one or more service providers **17** may be tracked and related to one or more clients **16** as well as one or more agents **15**. By way of example and not limitation, these relations may enable tracking the agent **15** that placed the order, the client **16** that the agent **15** placed the order for, the product or service that was ordered, as well as an order date and tracking number.

In the operation of the preferred embodiment, referring now to FIG. **4**, a flowchart of initial steps, one or more databases **100** are initialized **302** such that one or more tables **200** contain rate plan characteristics of a plurality of rate plans from one or more service providers **17**. In the preferred embodiment, the characteristics are from a plurality of service providers **17**. Rate plan characteristics must be reduced into the categories required by database **100** prior to entry into database **100**. Accordingly, rate plan characteristics may be obtained from service provider **17** in a format corresponding exactly to database **100** requirements, in a format that requires additional processing by human beings, in a format that may be reduced into the categories required by database **100**, or a combination thereof.

In a preferred embodiment, database **100** encompasses at least one rate plan characteristics table **201**, at least one agent table **211**, at least one client table **212**, at least one service provider table **213**, and at least one order tracking table **241**.

Information including rate and plan information are then entered **304** into databases **100**. The rate and plan information entered into one or more tables **200** in database **100** may be kept up to date by a webmaster or database administrator (not shown in the Figures), and does not need to be reentered by agents **15**. Additionally, agents **15** may enter information **306** about themselves, their clients **16**, and, occasionally, custom rates. The data entry may be via interactive means, batch means, or any combination thereof.

Referring now to FIG. **5**, a flowchart of usage data entry and reduction, from a terminal **20** such as by an interactive form an agent **15** or a client **16** can enter information **402** on a new client **16** or modify information **404** about an existing client **16**. Data concerning clients **16** may be entered via an interactive client information form, by processing scanned data such as optical recognition methods, by batch, or a combination thereof. These data may include current or proposed service usage data such as phone bill information comprising interstate, intrastate, LEC interstate, toll-free interstate, toll-free intrastate, toll-free Canadian, calling card, international and cellular long distance charges, services, fees and discounts such as directory assistance, plan fees, toll-free fees, Internet charges, and plan discounts. Client information entered in database **100** may be associated the agent **15** that entered it so that the information can be used at a later time by that agent **15** and so that other agents **15** cannot access information about clients **16** other than their own.

In the preferred embodiment, data are entered in one or more fields in tables **200** indicating characteristics about

usage such as a total billed for each reported category **61** of usage and the time associated with each billing category **61**, thereby allowing a normalized rate to be calculated when the analysis is done. Time may be entered in hours, minutes and seconds or as a floating-point minute number.

Information about a client **16** may also be deleted from database **100** by an appropriate means such as via an option from an interactive form, by batch, or a combination thereof by someone with appropriate authority to delete the client information such as the agent **15** who entered the data originally. In the preferred embodiment, client information is not allowed to be deleted if the client **16** is currently being tracked due to an order entered.

If a particular set of plan rate characteristics is not in database **100** as a standard plan, plan rate characteristics for a custom plan may be entered **414**. These plan rate characteristics are usually quite specialized. In a preferred embodiment of long distance telephony services, custom plan data may include pricing and descriptive information for dedicated lines, T-1 Internet access, special contracts, or other services or for services in plans that are so new they have not been entered into database **100**. In the preferred embodiment, only the creator of the custom plan may modify the custom plan. Data for the custom plan may be entered by an interactive form, by batch, or a combination thereof.

In any case, these plan rate characteristics, once they are entered into database **100**, may be used by an agent **15** to run an analysis **416**.

Referring now to FIG. **6**, a flowchart showing reduction and reporting, once information has been entered into database **100**, and FIG. **7**, an exemplary report, an analysis can be done. Data reduction rules **502** are obtained from common format fields whereby all services may be reduced into a least common comparative value, e.g. per minute costs or per line usage. This may be accomplished by segregating usage and/or rate plan charges into a plurality of categories **61**, each category **61** being described by one or more fields in one or more tables **200**. By way of example and not limitation, a category **61** may be described by a field defining a unit of measure such as per minute or per second and a field defining a unit of charge per unit of measure such as a dollar or portion of a dollar charged per unit measure, e.g. LATA calls are charged \$0.06 per six second increments.

Usage data as entered by agent **15** or client **16**, either actual or proposed, are then reduced **504** to net amounts which are congruent with, and therefore capable of comparison on equal bases with, common format fields. As used herein, "congruent" means reduced into a common set of categories **61** wherein some of the categories **61** may have zero amounts. Comparison data are then generated at steps **506** and **508** which allow a true net—net comparison between usage data. That is, usage data are reduced to one set of net costs for a client **16** and net costs for one or more service providers' **17** rate plans where the net costs are based on equivalent sets of per unit measures for the services proposed for the categories **61** defined. All usage data are placed into at least one category **61** such that a total amount of all charges for usage data equals the actual total charges by a current service provider **17** for that client **16**.

In a preferred embodiment, when the analysis is run and report **60** generated **510**, an amount in a rate column such as **62a** or **63a** may be obtained from an appropriate table **100** for a selected plan. Accordingly, before an analysis is done, a proposed service provider plan must be selected. Amounts for the proposed service provider **17** are then calculated such as by multiplying the proposed rate by the total minutes as

entered for client **16** for each category **61** of charges that would be assessed client **16**. Standard plan fees plus any fees or discounts present for client **16**, e.g. as entered by client **16** or agent **15**, may be factored in as well to provide a true, net amount for comparisons, i.e. the total actual costs for client **16** for current service provider **17** and for proposed service provider **17**. Monthly or other periodic savings may then be reported showing the difference between the proposed total and the current total columns such as at **69**. Percent savings may also be reported for ease of understanding as well as annualized savings.

Referring now to FIG. **8**, an exemplary report, report **60** is generated **410** with one or more comparison details, by way of example and not limitation current details **62** about current service provider **17**, proposed details **63** about proposed service provider **17**, and comparison details **64** on savings between the current and proposed service providers **17**, if any, as well as information labels and notes **65**. By way of example and not limitation, these details shown in analysis report **60** may include information entered about the client information from about the client's **16** phone bill plus the normalized rate. In a preferred embodiment of telephony service provides, the plan may include services such as domestic, international and Internet services as well as custom fees and/or discounts. Notes **65** may be included on report **60**, such as text describing special conditions or features associated with a particular plan, billing increments, minimum volume requirements, ISP features, and the like.

Report **60** generated may be labeled with information from one or more databases **100**. By way of example and not limitation, report title **66** may include detail on the name of the client **16** or client's **16** company, current service provider name **67**, proposed service provider name **68**, agent's **15** name (if any—not shown in FIG. **7**), addresses such as e-mail, and phone numbers (if any—not shown in FIG. **7**). Any of these may be optionally suppressed, e.g. by un-checking a check box on an interactive form or setting a reporting option (not shown in FIG. **7**).

In the preferred embodiment, although most data are password or otherwise securely protected, report **60** does not need to be. This allows an agent **15** to create an online version of report **60** and email a link to that report **60** to that agent's **15** client **16** so that client **16** may view it **514** from client's **16** own Internet connection without need for a password. In an alternative embodiment, a password or other code may be included in the link to report **60**. In a further alternative embodiment, a hard copy version of report **60** may be generated **516**.

Referring now to FIG. **8**, a flowchart showing additional capabilities, once report **60** is created, client **16** may choose to switch **602** service providers **17** to obtain the savings outlined in report **60**. When this happens, agent **15** may make arrangements with the new service provider **17** and have client **16** fill out the necessary paperwork, or client **16** may fill out the paperwork alone. The data required may be entered via terminal **20** such as by a form, and some of the data may be automatically retrieved from database **100**.

The order generated may be tracked **604** within the system, including tracking the actual service that was ordered by one or more service identifiers such as part number or other description, the date of the order and reference number of the order. In a telephony embodiment, the reference number may comprise a billing telephone number. Clients **16** and their orders may thus be associated with an agent **15**, allowing that agent **15** to obtain credit from a service provider **17** for the order. The order status may be tracked and monitored **606** until completion of the order.

It may be seen from the preceding description that an improved rate comparison apparatus and method has been provided.

It is noted that the embodiment of the improved rate comparison apparatus and method described herein in detail for exemplary purposes is of course subject to many different variations in structure, design, application and methodology. Because many varying and different embodiments may be made within the scope of the inventive concept(s) herein taught, and because many modifications may be made in the embodiment herein detailed in accordance with the descriptive requirements of the law, it is to be understood that the details herein are to be interpreted as illustrative and not in a limiting sense.

What is claimed is:

1. An improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis, the improved apparatus comprising:

- a. a computer having a memory;
- b. a database resident in the memory, the database having at least one table comprising one or more records, the records comprising one or more fields having a predetermined structure, the records further detailing at least one rate plan characteristic corresponding to each of a plurality of rate plans for services;
- c. an input terminal operatively connected to the computer for obtaining usage data, the usage data comprising cost data for the services;
- d. a reduction program executing within the computer for reducing the obtained usage data into a set of net cost data comprising reductions of obtained usage data into commonly denominated data expressed in units of measure congruent with units of measure of the at least one rate plan characteristic;
- e. a comparison program executing within the computer for comparing at least one of the plurality of rate plans to the net cost data; and
- f. an output terminal operatively connected to the computer for reporting the results of the comparison program.

2. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim **1** further comprising a data communications network.

3. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim **2** whereby the input terminal is operatively connected to the computer through the data communications network.

4. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim **2** whereby the output terminal is operatively connected to the computer through the data communications network.

5. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim **2** wherein the data communications network is at least one of a terminal multiplexers, a local area networks, a wide area networks, a packet switched networks, a dial-up networks, a private data networks, a public data networks, or a cellular packet data networks.

6. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim **1** wherein the services are telephony services.

7. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim **1** wherein the rate plan characteristic comprises at least one of a local rate characteristics, a local access and transport area (LATA) rate characteristics, an intrastate rate characteristics, an interstate

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rate characteristics, an Internet rate characteristics, a cellular rate characteristics, a paging rate characteristics, a voice rate characteristics, a video rate characteristics, an international rate characteristics, an incoming toll-free rate characteristics, or an outgoing toll-free rate characteristics.

8. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 1 wherein the database further comprises a custom rate table comprising at least one rate plan characteristic corresponding to a rate plan for services not otherwise contained within the database.

9. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 1 wherein the rate plan characteristics comprises a charges per a predetermined increment.

10. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 9 wherein the predetermined increment is an increment of time.

11. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 1 wherein the rate plan characteristics comprises a cost data describing service provider service offerings available to a user of the service offerings.

12. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 1 wherein the cost data comprise data describing total units consumed and prices charges for each unit.

13. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 1 wherein the rate plan characteristics comprises a plurality of categories.

14. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 13 wherein the categories comprise units of measure and cost per unit of measure for rate plan characteristics.

15. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 1 wherein the database further comprises at least one table comprising descriptions of agents of service providers, clients of service providers, and service providers.

16. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 15 wherein the descriptions of agents comprise an agent's name, an agent's phone number, an agent's fax number, an agent's email, and one or more client records to be associated with an agent.

17. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 15 wherein the descriptions of clients comprise a name to appear on a report, and current service provider information.

18. The improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis of claim 15 wherein the descriptions of service providers comprise names, addresses, contact information, referral fees and commissions.

19. The improved apparatus of claim 1 wherein the input terminal is a batch input terminal.

20. The improved apparatus of claim 1 wherein the input terminal is an interactive input terminal.

21. The improved apparatus of claim 1 wherein the output terminal is a visual display device.

22. The improved apparatus of claim 1 wherein the output terminal is a personal computer.

23. The improved apparatus of claim 1 wherein the output terminal is file capable of storage on at least one of (i) a magnetic medium or (ii) an optical medium.

24. The improved apparatus of claim 1 wherein the output terminal is a printer.

25. The improved apparatus of claim 1 wherein the output terminal is selected from the group of output terminals

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consisting of interactive visual devices, hard copy output devices, memory devices, and electronic devices.

26. An improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis, the improved apparatus comprising:

- a. a computer having a memory;
- b. a database stored in the memory, the database having at least one table comprising one or more records of a predetermined structure whereby the records comprise categories of at least one rate plan characteristic corresponding to each of a plurality of rate plans for each of a plurality of rate plans for services;
- c. an input means operatively connected to the computer for obtaining usage data, the usage data comprising cost data for the services;
- d. a reduction program executing within the computer for reducing the obtained usage data into a set of net cost data wherein the obtained usage data are reduced to a set of commonly denominated data expressed in units of measure congruent with units of measure of the at least one rate plan characteristic;
- e. a comparison program executing within the computer for comparing at least one of the plurality of rate plans to the net cost data; and
- f. an output means operatively connected to the computer for reporting the results of the comparison program.

27. The improved apparatus of claim 26, further comprising a results storage means.

28. The improved apparatus of claim 26, wherein the results storage means comprise a region of the memory.

29. The improved apparatus of claim 26, further comprising a data communications network intermediate between the computer and the output means.

30. The improved apparatus of claim 26, further comprising a data communications network intermediate between the computer and the input means.

31. The improved apparatus of claim 29 or 30, wherein the data communications network selected from the group of data communications networks consisting of terminal multiplexers, local area networks, wide area networks, packet switched networks, dial-up networks, private networks, public networks, and cellular packet data networks.

32. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein input means are batch input means.

33. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the input means are interactive input means.

34. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the output means is a display device.

35. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the output means is a personal computer.

36. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the output means is file capable of storage on magnetic or optical media.

37. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the output means is a printer.

38. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the output means is selected from the group of output means consisting of interactive visual devices, hard copy output devices, memory devices, and electronic devices.

39. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the input means is a personal computer.

40. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the categories comprise units of measure and a cost per each unit of measure.

41. The improved apparatus of claim 26 wherein the usage data are actual, historical data.

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42. An improved apparatus for comparing a plurality of rate plans on a net—net basis, the improved apparatus comprising:

- a. a memory device for containing a database, the database describing the plurality of rate plans as a plurality of records in one or more tables, each of the records comprising predetermined structures describing at least one rate plan category for each of the plurality of rate plans and at least one of the records serving as a first reference record;
- b. an input device for accepting a set of usage data which represent usage and cost information for a service;
- c. a reduction device for reducing the set of usage data, the reduction device capable of converting the usage and cost data into a reduced record comprising commonly denominated data associated with one or more categories congruent with the rate plan categories;
- d. a comparison device, for comparing each category of the reference record to each congruent category of the reduced record;
- e. a reporting device for creating a report comprising results of the comparison device for each category of the reference record and each category of the reduced record and each difference between each category of the reference record and each category of the reduced record; and
- f. an output device operatively coupled to the comparison device, for outputting the report.

43. The improved apparatus of claim **42**, further comprising storage device for storing the report.

44. The improved apparatus of claim **42**, further comprising a data communications network disposed intermediate between the computer and the output device.

45. The improved apparatus of claim **42**, further comprising a data communications network disposed intermediate between the computer and the input device.

46. The improved apparatus of claim **44** or **45**, wherein the data communications network is selected from the group

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of data communications networks consisting of terminal multiplexers, local area networks, wide area networks, packet switched networks, dial-up networks, private networks, public networks, and cellular packet data networks.

47. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein input device is a batch input device.

48. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the input device is an interactive input device.

49. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the input device is a personal computer.

50. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the reduction device is a computer having a reduction program executing within the computer.

51. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the comparison device is a computer having a comparison program executing within the computer.

52. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the reporting device is a computer having a reporting program executing within the computer.

53. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the output device is a visual display device.

54. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the output device is a personal computer.

55. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the output device is a file capable of storage on magnetic or optical media.

56. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the output device is a printer.

57. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the output device is selected from the group of output means consisting of interactive visual devices, hard copy output devices, memory devices, and electronic devices.

58. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the categories comprise units of measure and a cost per each unit of measure.

59. The improved apparatus of claim **42** wherein the usage data are actual, historical data.

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